

## Background

There are shortcomings with regard to freedom of expression and freedom of the media in all the Western Balkan states. There is no media diversity and media ownership is concentrated in the hands of a few. This concentration of power leads to strong political influence on the state and private media. The numerous media outlets in Serbia and the Western Balkans are to a large extent small local online channels. They often have no journalistic competence and offer little journalistic quality.

The region's young people have neither interest nor trust in the classical media. These, in turn, ignore young people as a target group, and neglect to offer content either for or by young people. The majority of young people see no prospects at home and dream of studying or even emigrating abroad. Many have already left their homeland: Serbia is world leader in the brain drain states.

The project is aimed at strengthening the media so that they can offer relevant information and participation opportunities in attractive and innovative digital formats for young target groups. The project objective is: "Media in Serbia and the Western Balkans offer relevant information and participation opportunities with digital components to target groups under 30 years of age." The project addresses progressive media that already offer information for young target audiences. These are sustainably strengthened with the help of consulting activities and the development of target group-oriented offers. Pilot projects show how more participation can be made possible for children and young people. In order to ensure sustainability, advisory and training capacities are built up in collaboration with the project partners. They can then assume a multiplier function and support other interested media in introducing offers for young target groups. The project is to run for three years (2017–2019). The project implementation organizations are Asocijacija medija, Loka-IPres and Krovna organizacija mladih Srbije (KOMS), the Serbian umbrella body of youth organizations.

The evaluation was carried out between November 2018 and the end of April 2019. The focus was on the evaluation of project work on the basis of the OECD/DAC criteria. They serve to assess the success of a project in terms of relevance, effectiveness, efficiency, impact and sustainability. When selecting the methods, it was taken into account that the evaluation should primarily meet the methodological and technical requirements of a review, but should also provide recommendations for the effective further development of the project, which will be discussed with the project team at a change workshop. The core of the evaluation were the project visits and interviews in Serbia and Montenegro with individuals and groups. When selecting the interview partners, care was taken to ensure that the statements in connection with the information from the file and document search permit triangulation. The interview partners took the opportunity to present their specific perspectives on the cooperation or the project and its environment in the open discussions. Thus, various aspects were included in the discussions which were not listed in this form in the evaluation matrix.

## Conclusions of the project evaluation

Relevance: As the analysis of the framework conditions has shown, the project addresses a key developmental problem and a decisive development bottleneck in Serbia/Western Balkans. Media freedom is one of the negotiation chapters in the EU accession process and as such currently relevant for Serbia, Montenegro and Northern Macedonia, but potentially also for other countries of the Western Balkans. Thus, the development policy objective of the project is in line with the goals and guidelines of the BMZ, as the German government constructively supports the EU accession process. Moreover, the promotion of freedom of expression and media development is an essential aspect of German development policy. The project is part of DW Akademie's "Social Participation" strategy field, as it aims to strengthen the participation of children and young people in particular.

In addition, the project is in line with the objectives of the local project implementation agencies. Concentration on young people is necessary and is not served in this form by any other actor. It is important to cooperate with the Press Council, which is currently in the process of establishing itself as a recognized self-regulating body. The differentiation of the target group with regard to disadvantaged young people is not necessarily regarded as effective. The project has captured and taken into account the digital challenges of the target groups. Therefore the criterion Relevance was rated as "comprehensively fulfilled".

Effectiveness: The impact logic of the project is conclusive. The indicators at the outcome level are appropriately formulated: 1.1 - The number of children and adolescents who have helped to design improved or new information offerings in the media rises from 0 to 80, including 30 girls; 1.2 - The number of media organizations who have designed their information offerings for target groups under 30 years of age to be more participative, user-oriented and youth-oriented rises from 0 to 20, of which 7 are aimed at disadvantaged children and adolescents. Indicator 1.1 is regarded as completely fulfilled, indicator 1.2 will probably be fulfilled, but no documentation is yet available (although this must be provided within the remaining project period).

Most of the output indicators have already been reached or it is foreseeable that they will be reached by the end of the project period. It is also important here to ensure that the documentation listed as sources of verifiability is prepared and evaluated in good time.

From the evaluator's point of view, the factors that had the strongest influence on the achievement of the objectives should be mentioned: The multiplier program and the train-the-trainer activities; the quality of the project team, including the local staff; the Brave New Media Forum as a beacon project with high visibility, broad impact and reach, with its function for regional networks and as a learning and exchange format; and the pilot projects developed and designed by young people because of their exemplary function and energy. The criterion Effectivity was therefore rated as "overall fulfilled".

Efficiency: The project activities are proportionate and cost-efficient. The project is implemented with a very small infrastructure and a lean personnel concept. Wherever possible, local experts are deployed. The project partners are actively involved in the achievement of the objectives within the framework of project implementation.

From an efficiency point of view, it should be emphasized that the project also initiates and promotes cooperation between the project partners. Contributions from the project implementation agencies and other project partners include working hours, use of premises and equipment, access to the work of colleagues, etc. Efficiency in project implementation also results from the use of synergies through cooperation with other key players in the relevant sector. Cooperation with the GIZ took place within the framework of a project for the promotion of dual training. The criterion Efficiency was rated as "comprehensively fulfilled".

Impact: In accordance with the target formulation, the measure strengthened the rights of the target group young people in the Western Balkans to freedom of expression and information. The project can be regarded as exemplary, structure-building and broadly effective. There are no other international organizations in the region that work in the "Young Media" priority area. Innovative lighthouse projects are used to great effect in terms of visibility, broad impact and reach. The aim is not to train journalists, but to develop media competence, a "change of minds". According to many in-

terviewees, this desired and also achieved awareness-raising among young people and media professionals can bring about change. The evaluation did not identify any unintended negative effects. An important developmental impact results from the underlying approach of regional cooperation as a contribution to conflict prevention in a rather fragile region. Therefore the criterion Impact was rated as "comprehensively fulfilled".

Sustainability: In general, the evaluation found that both the project implementation agencies and the cooperation partners had anchored the objectives of the project in their own long-term strategies. The high fluctuation in the personnel structures of the project partners is regarded as a significant risk for sustainability. Innovative approaches and innovation processes that achieve sustainable effects have been initiated. The methodology for the media analyses by focus groups was developed by the project, and various assignments are planned for the coming years. The learning experiences in the project will be prepared and documented. It is difficult to assess the extent to which the target group(s) will be able and willing in the long term to maintain the positive effects of the development measure without support; it is too optimistic to assume that sustainable structural improvements have already taken place. As a result of that the criterion Sustainability was rated as "partially fulfilled".

## **DW Akademie**

is Deutsche Welle's center for international media development. As a strategic partner of the Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ), DW Akademie carries out media development projects that strengthen the human right to freedom of opinion and promote free access to information. DW Akademie also works on projects funded by the German Foreign Office and the European Union—in approximately 50 developing and emerging countries.

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