



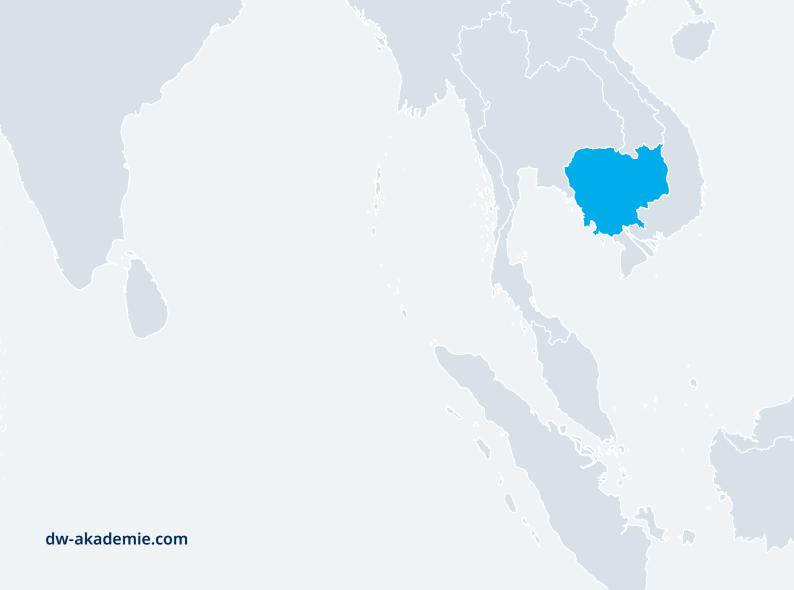
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EVALUATION REPORT 2023

Executive summary Cambodia

Youth Voices Matter! Supporting independent youth media in Cambodia



Background

Cambodia is developing rapidly in many areas. In recent years, the economy has seen growth of up to eight percent annually. At the same time, the poverty rate has dropped significantly. The country's population is growing faster than the world average. Yet, despite significant advances in economic development, education and health care, some inequalities still exist.

Under Article 41, the Constitution of the Kingdom of Cambodia states that Khmer citizens shall have "freedom of expression, press, publication and assembly." Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights also provides for the universal right to freedom of expression. But particularly people in rural areas, and especially the young, find it difficult to see their voices included in the public discussion. This bears a risk: today, almost half of the Cambodian population is younger than 25. Youth participation in social dialogue and the country's democratic processes is therefore directly linked to Cambodia's future development.

The objective of the project "Youth Voices Matter!" was to empower young people to use media responsively. Its focus was

on social media, which have become the prime source of information and the preferred communication medium for the younger generation in the Kingdom. The project also enabled Cambodian youths to introduce topics they consider relevant into the public dialogue using media. They were empowered to exercise their rights and gain greater access to freedom of expression through creative approaches such as media capacity development, an online campaign, road shows, bar camps, campus media and country-wide radio programs.

This project was implemented with funding from the European Union and the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development. DW Akademie was the lead applicant, the Cambodian Center for Independent Media (CCIM) and the Women's Media Centre of Cambodia (WMC) were the local co-applicants. Two youth organizations, the Youth Council of Cambodia and the Khmer Youth Association, received financial support to third parties (FSTP). The project ran from 2020-2022 and achieved the three outputs (OP) it had aimed for: OP1 – a youth education campaign on freedom of expression and

access to information was developed and implemented; OP2 – new youth media programs and formats were developed and broadcast; and OP3 – rural youth reporters were trained, and youth reports aired regularly.

This final evaluation report summarizes the project's achievements from 1 January 2020 until 31 December 2022. It also provides information to what extent the project fulfilled the EU assessment criteria that include relevance, effectiveness, efficiency, impact and sustainability. The report also discusses the synergetic work between the project partners and the associated parties and ends with conclusions and recommendations for possible future projects

Project Evaluation Results

Effectiveness and Efficiency: The findings show that the project achieved a significant change regarding the project objective of enabling young people to confidently use media and create media content responsibly. Several young people, especially young women, confirmed that they had increased their awareness of freedom of expression, improved their access to information, and deepened their understanding of independent media. This resulted in them feeling more confident in creating their own media posts to share with the public.

Some beneficiaries were concerned about being associated with the political opposition if they participated in the project and expressed their views. They were hesitant to write about social and political issues such as drug abuse,

pollution, violence, or accountability in government service delivery. In order to safely integrate their voices into the project, they were encouraged to write about non-political topics. These included floods destroying roads in the community, road construction, community handicrafts, environmental clean-up, and youth educational events. This dilemma highlights how some young people choose to remain silent because they are afraid of saying something wrong, instead of contributing their suggestions and ideas for improvements within the current political environment.

The COVID-19 pandemic led to lockdowns in Cambodia, which limited the number of participants who could engage in the project. The partner NGOs had to reschedule some activities from the first

to the second or third year of the project or organize substitute online activities. The in-person versions of bar camps and road shows were eventually implemented in September 2022, which was four months before the project ended. It was therefore difficult to find evidence for any behavioral changes or related outcomes during the final evaluation.

The media products that came out of the project achieved good results. It was possible to publish content on four social media channels, instead of just two, as was originally planned. Some of the videos reached high numbers of views on Facebook and YouTube, however they performed less in terms of interactions (likes, comments and shares). These only reached between five and 10 percent of their respective view numbers.

Impact: The youth radio program promoted awareness of freedom of expression and Media & Information Literacy (MIL). The program produced good outcomes and impact in relation to its reach and engagement with audiences across the country. It provided an opportunity for the target groups and the final beneficiaries (wider audiences of young people and the general public) to hear about their rights to freedom of expression and access to information. Young people involved in the project felt more confident and less fearful about creating their own media posts to share with the public. The youth were empowered to apply and disseminate their new media knowledge. They were also able to improve their public speaking skills. The youths' new skills and behavioral changes contribute to a long-term impact of the project.

There were some challenges with the selection of beneficiaries for the project. Many of the target individuals could not fully participate in the project for various reasons once implementation began. These reasons included other commitments, work, and study. This may have

impacted the project's capacity to disseminate the results to wider audiences.

Sustainability: The partners gained awareness and skills. They were also strongly committed to sharing their knowledge with other Cambodian organizations and beneficiaries. This ensured that the project results were widely disseminated to other youths across the country. More young Cambodians are now aware of their rights to freedom of expression and access to information and are committed to passing on what they have learned to their peers.

The project could have benefited from a closer cooperation with the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport (MoEYS) and its branches in the provinces. This could have further strengthened existing structures that can serve the youth population after the project ends.

Synergies between partners and stakeholders: DW Akademie and its partners were able to draw on some of their existing networks, including the national government, MoEYS and the sub-national administrations, to enhance the engagement of state actors in some of the project target areas. This helped mobilize youths to attend the trainings, to participate in the online and offline campaigns, and to take part in the public debates about freedom of expression and access to information. The partnership with Paññasastra University of Cambodia (PUC) students was beneficial for increasing young people's media literacy and their awareness of freedom of expression and access to information. Coordinating the partners and connecting activities was sometimes challenging, especially because of existing workloads and the fact that many of the young people were also busy. The fact that the project largely coincided with the global Covid-19 pandemic heavily impacted workflows. Agile implementation and activity adjustments were therefore particularly called for during the first two years of the project. Future projects should engage more with related stakeholders such as educational institutions, CSOs and the private sector to further develop the capacity of the project beneficiaries.

Selected Recommendations

Effectiveness and Efficiency: The development concepts linked to economic, social, environmental and political issues should be integrated into some of the training courses. This would allow project beneficiaries to identify issues affecting their society. They would also become more confident to express themselves through posts or articles without the fear of being labeled as supportive of a particular political party.

The project partners should be encouraged to share their respective media products. This would enable a wider and more diverse audience to access these posts and engage with them.

Impact: Discuss the availability of the proposed target groups in detail during the inception phase. This will help clarify to what extent they can participate and engage in project activities and where their other obligations may limit their participation. Otherwise, the project may experience chal-

lenges in best reaching project outputs and outcomes.

Sustainability: DW Akademie should strengthen its cooperation with MoEYS and its provincial departments. This would help ensure that the benefits of future projects take root in the provinces. Ministry representatives could help facilitate the trainings and help mobilize young people to take part in the activities. They could also contribute to sharing the project's achievements with relevant stakeholders.

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DW Akademie

is Deutsche Welle's center for international media development, journalism training and knowledge transfer. Our projects strengthen the human right to freedom of expression and unhindered access to information. DW Akademie empowers people worldwide to make independent decisions based on reliable facts and constructive dialogue.

DW Akademie is a strategic partner of the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development. We also receive funding from the Federal Foreign Office and the European Union and are active in more than 70 developing countries and emerging economies.

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